On-chip coupling of single photon emission from InAs/InP quantum dots at telecom range

P. Mrowiński¹, M. Burakowski¹, P. Holewa^{1,2,3}, A. Sakanas^{2,3}, E. Semenova^{2,3} and M. Syperek¹

¹ Department of Experimental Physics, Faculty of Fundamental Problems of Technology, Wrocław University of Science and Technology, Wyb. Wyspiańskiego 27, 50-370 Wrocław, Poland

² DTU Electro, Technical University of Denmark, Kongens Lyngby 2800, Denmark
 ³ NanoPhoton-Center for Nanophotonics, Technical University of Denmark, Kongens Lyngby 2800, Denmark

Integrated Quantum Photonic Circuits (IQPC) in which semiconductor-based components, like emitters, waveguides (WGs), detectors, can all be integrated on a compact photonic chip, could provide a better performance in complex tasks such as computing, energy conversion, biomedical sensing, and cryptography. In this work we present modelling, fabrication, and experimental studies related to a hybridized InP/Si WG system with InAs/InP quantum dots (QDs) heterogeneously integrated with the silicon-on-insulator platform. Numerical studies of such WGs demonstrate efficient QD coupling with multimode propagation in a hybrid InP/Si part of the system, as well as efficient transfer of light to Si WG via a linear taper structure [1]. The optimized system promises of approx. 30 % of on-chip directional copuling which might be further enhanced via Bragg grating system. Single-photon source is based on low density 3.1×10^8 cm⁻² epitaxially grown InAs/InP QDs with high single photon emission purity, high extraction efficiency when coupled with photonic microstructures [2]. The quantum emitter is integrated with SOI wafer by wafer bonding technique and via subsequent photo and e-beam lithography to process the WGs.

We investigated experimentally both the on-chip coupling efficiency and the quantum nature of emission by orthogonal microphotoluminescence configuration allowing for collection of outcoupled light from the cleaved facet. In this way, we obtain a high-quality quantum device with broadband on-chip coupling to Si WG of 10.2% preserving a good suppression of multiphoton emission events with background corrected $g^2(0) < 0.05$ [3]. The outcomes of our study underscore the potential benefits of this approach for advancing the development of quantum on-chip photonics using single-photon sources which are also easily combined with external fiber optics network.



[1] P. Mrowiński, et al., *Opt. Express* 31, 1541-1556 (2023) [2] P. Holewa, et al., *ACS Photonics* 9, 2273 (2022) [3] M. Burakowski, et al., *Opt. Express* 32, 10874-10886 (2024)
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